

Jim Vidak, County Superintendent of Schools

Composing your Classroom to Build Fluency Grades K – 2

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TCOE Common Core Connect Website: http://ccss.tcoe.org/







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Fluency Games

Why use games?

- Are engaging.
- Provide opportunities for strategy discussion and assessment.
- Should be sequenced developmentally.
- Can be targeted practice or general practice.
- Lend to differentiation.

Developing and Assessing Fact Fluency, Amanda Ruch and Gina Kling, NCTM 2015

Description Description

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Snap It

Which phase?

- All students start with a given number of linker cubes in a train.
- On the signal "Snap," children break their trains into two parts and hold one hand behind their back.
- Children take turns going around the circle showing their remaining cubes. The other children work out the full number combination.



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Fluency Without Fear: Research Evidence on the Best Ways to Learn Math Facts By Jo Boaler

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High Roller

- Students take turns rolling two dice.
- During each turn, a student rolls both dice.
- Then the students selects the die with the greater number rolled and puts it to the side.
- The student rerolls the second die.
- The student finds the sum of the two dice counting on from the first number to find the total.
- The student records the total and the other student begin his/her turn.



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Phase 1

"Enriching Addition and Subtraction Fact Mastery Through Games" by Gina Kling and Jennifer Bay-Williams, Teaching Children Mathematics Volume 21, No. 4, November 2014 Tulare County Office of Education Jim Vidak, County Superintendent of Schools

Race to The Top (Roll and Total)

- A student rolls the number die and then rolls the dot die.
- The students adds the two by starting with the numeral die and counting on for the number rolled using the dot die.
- The student records the total (sum) in the column.
- Play continues until one sum column reaches the top.



Phase 1

Phase 2

Double It

- Students take turns selecting a number card or rolling a die 1 – 10.
- The student doubles the number selected/rolled.
- The student records the total (sum) of the double in the correct column.
- Play continues until one sum column reaches the top.



Nutty Buddies

- 1. Each player places all of their game markers on any number on their gameboard. There may be more than one marker on a number.
- 2. Each player takes a turn rolling the dice and finding the sum.
- 3. The player may remove one cube from the sum that was rolled.
- 4. If there is not a marker to take off the gameboard, the player loses the turn.
- 5. The player that clears their gameboard first is the winner.

<u>Variation/Extension:</u> Players can roll the dice and subtract the sum from 14.

Building Conceptual Understanding and Fluency Through Games, for the CCSSM, 1st Grade Tulare County North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, http://www.ncpublicschools.org/curriculum/mathematics/



Salute

- Digit Cards 0 9, with ten-frames
- 3 students: 1 leader, 2 players
- The leader hands each player a card.
- The leader says "Salute!"
- The players put their cards on their foreheads.
- The leader says the sum/total of the two cards.
- The players work to determine the number on their forehead. Once both players have done so, they look at their cards and then students rotate roles.

"Enriching Addition and Subtraction Fact Mastery Through Games" by Gina Kling and Jennifer Bay-Williams, Teaching Children Mathematics Volume 21, No. 4, November 2014



Phase 2 – 3

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Double It Race to the Top



"Enriching Addition and Subtraction Fact Mastery Through Games" by Gina Kling and Jennifer Bay–Williams

Race to the	e Top Additi	on 6 – 16 (Numeral Die	5 – 10, Regi	ular Dot Die)

6	7	8	9	10	//	12	13	14	15	16

http://illustrativemathematics.org/standards/k8, "Enriching Addition and Subtraction Fact Mastery Through Games" by Gina Kling and Jennifer Bay–Williams

Nutty Buddies 1

Building Fluency: adding within 20

Materials: gameboard, pair of dice, 15 game markers per player

Number of Players: 2

Directions:

- 1. Each player places all of their game markers on any number on their gameboard. There may be more than one marker on a number.
- 2. Each player takes a turn rolling the dice and finding the sum.
- 3. The player may remove one cube from the sum that was rolled.
- 4. If there is not a marker to take off the gameboard, the player loses the turn.
- 5. The player that clears their gameboard first is the winner.

Variation/Extension: Players can roll the dice and subtract that sum from 14.

PLAYER 1	2	3	4	
5	6	7	8	
9	10	11	12	



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Nutty Buddies 2

Building Fluency: adding within 20

Materials: gameboard, 3 die, 16 game markers per player

Number of Players: 2

Directions:

- 1. Each player places all of their game markers on any number on their gameboard. There may be more than one marker on a number.
- 2. Each player takes a turn rolling the dice and finding the sum.
- 3. The player may remove one cube from the sum that was rolled.
- 4. If there is not a marker to take off the gameboard, the player loses the turn.
- 5. The player that clears their gameboard first is the winner.

Variation/Extension: Players can roll the dice and subtract that sum from 21.

	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10
R 1	11	12	13	14
PLAYE	15	16	17	18



3	4	5	6	PLAYE
7	8	9	10	R 2
11	12	13	14	
15	16	17	18	